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M A T E R I A L   S A F E T Y   D A T A   S H E E T

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 | SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION |  
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PRODUCT NAME : VINYL PREP SOLVENT  
 IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UK405-FG DATE PRINTED: 02/03/10  
 PRODUCT USE/CLASS :

SUPPLIER:	MANUFACTURER:
Specialty Coatings & Chemicals Inc	Specialty Coatings & Chemicals Inc
7360 Varna Ave.	7360 Varna Ave.
North Hollywood, CA 91605-4060	North Hollywood, CA 91605-4060
Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300	Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300
24 Hour Emergency Hotline	24 Hour Emergency Hotline

PREPARER: A.C.Macdonald, PHONE: 323-875-0233, PREPARE DATE: 02/03/10

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 | SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS |  
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ITEM	CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % LESS THAN
01	XYLENE	1330-20-7	85.0 %
02	ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	20.0 %

ITEM	EXPOSURE LIMITS				COMPANY TLV-TWA	SKIN
	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA PEL-CEILING		
01	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm	300 ppm	N.E.	NO
02	100 ppm	125 ppm	100 ppm	N.E.	N.E.	NO

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

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 | SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION |  
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\*\*\* EMERGENCY OVERVIEW \*\*\*: No Information.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - EYE CONTACT: No Information.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged or repeated contact can result in defatting and drying of the skin which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis (rash).

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INHALATION: Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by inhaling the contents may be harmful.

SECTION 3 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - INGESTION: No Information.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE - CHRONIC HAZARDS: Suspect cancer hazard. Possible reproductive hazard. The risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. WARNING: This product contains xylene which contains benzene, ethylbenzene and toluene as impurities. Benzene, ethylbenzene and toluene are known to the State of California to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm. The concentration of each of these impurities is expected to be less than 400 ppm. Ethylbenzene has been shown to cause cancer in laboratory animals; it may also be harmful to human fetuses based on tests on laboratory animals. The relevance of these findings to humans is uncertain.

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY: SKIN CONTACT SKIN ABSORPTION INHALATION INGESTION EYE CONTACT

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID - EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.

FIRST AID - SKIN CONTACT: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

FIRST AID - INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get immediate medical attention.

FIRST AID - INGESTION: Aspiration hazard if swallowed. If swallowed seek emergency medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: 59 F LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 1.0 %
(PENSKY-MARTENS C.C.) UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 7.0 %

AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CO2 DRY CHEMICAL FOAM WATER FOG

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum reconditioner, or properly disposed of.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Containers can build up pressure if

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

exposed to heat (fire). As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment. (See Exposure Controls/Personal Protection Section)

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: This product is to be used for industrial or professional uses only and is to be applied only by those who are trained in its safe and proper application. When transferring material ground and bond containers and use spark proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling.

STORAGE: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed when not in use.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Sufficient ventilation, in volume and pattern, should be provided to keep air contamination below current applicable OSHA permissible exposure limit or ACGHI's TLV limit. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SKIN PROTECTION: Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, a chemical suit, rubber boots, and chemical safety goggles plus a face shield.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: No Information.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING RANGE : 275 - 286 F VAPOR DENSITY : Is heavier than air
ODOR : Solvent ODOR THRESHOLD :
APPEARANCE : Clear liquid EVAPORATION RATE: Is slower than Ether
SOLUBILITY IN H2O : Partly soluble
FREEZE POINT : SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8706
VAPOR PRESSURE : pH @ 0.0 % :
PHYSICAL STATE : VISCOSITY :
COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:

(See Section 16 for abbreviation legend)

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: No Information.

INCOMPATIBILITY: No Information.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: No Information.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur under normal conditions.

STABILITY: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

No product or component toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No Information.

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose in accordance with State, local and Federal regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

No transportation information is available.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

OSHA: Hazardous by definition of Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY:

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

FIRE HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER	WT/WT % IS LESS THAN
XYLENE	1330-20-7	85.0 %
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	20.0 %

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS NUMBER
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No information is available.

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS: AS FOLLOWS -

CANADIAN WHMIS: This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: No information available.

GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS:: WARNING: This product contains xylene which contains benzene and toluene as impurities. Benzene and toluene are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS - HEALTH: 2\* FLAMMABILITY: 3 REACTIVITY: 0

PREVIOUS MSDS REVISION DATE: 06/19/07

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs): 7.25 lbs/gal, 869 grams/ltr

LEGEND: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established,  
N.D. - Not Determined

The information contained in this MSDS has been checked and should be accurate. However, it is the responsibility of the user to comply with all Federal, State, and Local laws and regulations.