

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: 0977-0000-XX11

Product Name: METAL CLEAR TOPCOAT MARKER - ALL SHEENS

Revision Date: Mar 05, 2018 Date Printed: Mar 05, 2018

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: TOUCH-UP SOLUTIONS

Address: 4372 Providence Mill Rd Maiden, NC, US, 28650

Emergency Phone: 1-800-535-5053 | International : 1-352-323-3500

Information Phone Number: 1-828-428-9094

Fax: 1-828-428-9970

Product/Recommended Uses: Touch up and repair

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Flammable Liquids - Category 1
Skin Irritation - Category 2

Pictograms





Signal Word

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Physical

Extremely flammable liquid and vapor

Hazardous Statements - Health

Causes serious eye irritation

Causes skin irritation

Precautionary Statements - General

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Wash with water and soap thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take action to prevent static discharges.

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

In case of fire: Use DRY chemical, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon-dioxide, water spray/fog to extinguish.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Specific treatment (see First-aid on this label).

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center.

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	40% - 67%
0000108-88-3	TOLUENE	8% - 19%
0064742-89-8	ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	5% - 11%
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	1.2% - 3%
0000095-63-6	1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE	0.1% - 1.9%
0000108-67-8	MESITYLENE	0.1% - 1.3%
0008002-09-3	PINE OIL	0.0% - 0.6%
0000098-82-8	CUMENE	0.0% - 0.2%
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	Trace

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Eye Contact

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If unwell or concerned: Get medical attention/advice. Do NOT induce vomiting unless advised by Poison center or doctor.

Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor, if you feel unwell.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Do not use water jet.

Special hazards in case of fire

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of carbon.

Flammable components of this material may be lighter than water and burn while floating on the surface.

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

Special Protective Actions

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Fire-Fighting Procedures

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

Personal Precautions

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

Cover spills with suitable inert absorbent like granulated clay and place in sealed chemical waste containers.

Recommended Equipment

Positive pressure, full-face piece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Do not expose containers to heat, sparks, flame or other sources of ignition.

Ground and bond containers when transferring materials. Use procedures that prevent static electrical sparks. Static electricity may accumulate and create a fire hazard.

Use non-sparking ventilation systems, approved explosion-proof equipment and intrinsically safe electrical systems in areas where this product is used and stored.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye Protection

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and over- boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

Respiratory Protection

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
1,2,4- TRIMETHYLBENZEN E								125	25			
ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	2000	500			1							
CUMENE	245	50			1		1	245	50			
ETHYLBENZENE	435	100			1			435	100	545	125	
MESITYLENE								125	25			
NAPHTHALENE	50	10			1			50	10	75	15	
TOLUENE	0.2	200 (a)/ 300 ceiling		500ppm /10 minutes (a)	1,2			375	100	560	150	
XYLENE	435	100			1			435	100	655	150	

Chemical Name	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations
1,2,4- TRIMETHYLBENZEN E							
ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT							

CUMENE	246	50				Eye, skin, & URT irr; CNS impair	
ETHYLBENZENE		20			A3	URT irr;Kidney dam (nephropat hy); Cochlear impair	A3; BEI
MESITYLENE							
NAPHTHALENE		10			А3	URT irr; cataracts; hemolytic anemia	Skin; A3
TOLUENE	0.2	20			A4	Visual impair; female repro; pregnancy loss	A4; BEI
XYLENE	434	100	651	150	A4	URT & eye irr; CNS imapir	A4; BEI

⁽C) - Ceiling limit, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, repro - reproductive, URT - Upper respiratory tract

0.75 lb/gal

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

VOC Regulatory(lb/gal)

Flash Point

Lower Explosion Level

Upper Explosion Level

10011094141019	
Density	1.98 lb/gal
% Solids By Weight	19.16%
Specific Gravity	0.24
% VOC	37.94%
Density VOC	0.75 lb/gal
lb VOC/lb Solid	1.98 lb/lb
% HAPS	69.17%
Density HAPS	1.37 lb/gal
lb HAPS/lb Solid	3.61 lb/lb
lb HAPS/gal Solid	lb/gal
% VHAPS	69.17%
Density VHAPS	1.37 lb/gal
lb VHAPS/lb Solid	3.61 lb/lb
Appearance	Liquid
Odor Description	N/A
Odor Threshold	N/A
рН	N/A
Flammability	Flash point below 73°F/23°C
Flash Point Symbol	<

15.6 °C

N/A

N/A

Water Solubility	N/A
Coefficient Water/Oil	N/A
Vapor Density	N/A
Vapor Pressure	N/A
Low Boiling Point	N/A
High Boiling Point	N/A
Melting Point	N/A
Freezing Point	N/A
Viscosity	N/A
Evaporation Rate	N/A
Decomposition Pt	N/A
Auto Ignition Temp	N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Conditions to avoid

Avoid flame, spark, heat, contact with air/water, visible light and contact with incompatible materials.

Stability

Stable in normal conditions

Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkalies, amines and water.

Hazardous reactions/polymerization

Will not occur.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Carcinogenicity

No Data Available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No Data Available

Reproductive Toxicity

No Data Available

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No Data Available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No Data Available

Aspiration Hazard

No Data Available

Acute Toxicity

Acute Toxicity

No Data Available

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0000091-20-3 NAPHTHALENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Tests in some laboratory animals demonstrate carcinogenic activity. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: kidneys, liver. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

0000108-88-3 TOLUENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High airborne levels have produced irregular heart beats in animals and occasional palpitations in humans. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

0064742-89-8 ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

Chronic Exposure

0000098-82-8 CUMENE

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Cumene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0000108-88-3 TOLUENE

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS:Toluene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

High exposure to Xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing embryo/fetus.

Xylene in high concentrations has caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals.

```
0000091-20-3
                  NAPHTHALENE
        LC50: Insufficient data
        LD50 (oral, mouse): 533 mg/kg (male); 710 mg/kg (female) (1)
        LD50 (oral, rat): 1780 mg/kg (2)
0000095-63-6
                  1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE
        LC50 (rat): 18 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (1)
        LD50 (oral, rat): 5 g/kg (1)
0000098-82-8
                  CUMENE
        LC50 (inhalation, mouse): 10 mg/L; (2000 ppm); 7-hr exposure (1,3)
        LC50 (inhalation, rat): 39 mg/L (8000 ppm); 4-hr exposure (1,3,6)
        LD50 (oral, rat): Reported as 1.4 g/kg and 2.26 g/kg (1,3,4)
        LD50 (skin, rabbit): 10627 mg/kg (4)
0000100-41-4
                  ETHYLBENZENE
        LC50 (inhalation, rat): 4000 ppm; 4-hour exposure (3)
        LD50 (oral, rat): 3.5 g/kg (1,3,5,10)
        LD50 (oral, rat): 4.72 g/kg (3,5,7,8)
```

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 17.8 g/kg (11)

0000108-67-8 MESITYLENE

LC50 (rat): 24 g/m3 (4-hour exposure) (2)

0000108-88-3 TOLUENE

LC50 (rat): 8800 ppm (4-hour exposure) (2) LC50 (rat): 6000 ppm (6-hour exposure) (3) LD50 (oral, rat): 2600 to 7500 mg/kg (3,5,11,17) LD50 (oral, neonatal rat): less than 870 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12,225 mg/kg (reported as 14.1 ml/kg) (1)

0001330-20-7 XYLENE

LC50 (rat): 6350 ppm (4-hour exposure) (unspecified isomers and ethylbenzene) (1)LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure)

(65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene) (2) ethylbenzene) (1)

LC50 (rat): 6700 ppm (4-hour exposure) (65% m-xylene, 7.6% o-xylene, 7.8% p-xylene, 19.3% ethylbenzene)(2)

LD50 (oral, rat): 5400 mg/kg (52% m-, 19% o-, 24% p-) (1)LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

LD50 (oral, female mouse): 5251 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (oral, male mouse): 5627 mg/kg (60.2% m-, 9.1% o-, 14.6% p-, 17.0% ethylbenzene) (4)

LD50 (dermal, rabbit): 12180 mg/kg (m-xylene); greater than 1700 mg/kg (mixed xylenes - undefined composition) (3)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

No Data Available

Persistence and Degradability

Product is not expected to persist in the environment.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO US EPA LAND DISPOSAL RESTRICTIONS: Contains Chromium (CAS: 7440-47-3).

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information

Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

See 49CFR 172.101 for Special Provisions, Packaging, and QTY Limitations.

Hazard Class: 3

IMDG Information

Hazard Class: 3

Marine Pollutant: No data available.
Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

IATA Information

Paint, 3, UN 1263, PG II, ERG GUIDE 128

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	40% - 67%	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA
0000108-88-3	TOLUENE	8% - 19%	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Develop - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Developmental
0064742-89-8	ALIPHATIC, LIGHT HYDROCARBON SOLVENT	5% - 11%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	1.2% - 3%	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0000095-63-6	1,2,4- TRIMETHYLBENZENE	0.1% - 1.9%	SARA313, SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000108-67-8	MESITYLENE	0.1% - 1.3%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0008002-09-3	PINE OIL	0.0% - 0.6%	SARA312,VOC,TSCA
0000100-42-5	STYRENE	0.0% - 0.2%	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0000098-82-8	CUMENE	0.0% - 0.2%	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer
0000091-20-3	NAPHTHALENE	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA,HAPS,SARA312,VOC,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

OTHER

COMPANY INFORMATION: THIS INFORMATION IS FURNISHED WITHOUT WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, EXCEPT THAT IS ACCURATE TO THE BEST KNOWLEDGE OF TOUCH-UP SOLUTIONS LLC.

COMPANY DISCLAIMER: THE DATA ON THIS SHEET RELATES ONLY TO THE SPECIFIC MATERIAL DESIGNATED HEREIN. TOUCH-UP SOLUTIONS LLC ASSUMES NO LEGAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR USE OR RELIANCE UPON THIS DATA.

Part 1: The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources, however, the data is provided without any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy.

Part 2: Since the conditions or handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of Touch-Up Solutions LLC. Touch-Up Solutions LLC will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use.

Part 3: No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS

Part 4: Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

DISCLAIMER

Touch-Up Solutions,Inc. to the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.